

$\oint \frac{dq}{T} \leq 0$ - Clausius Inequality

classmate

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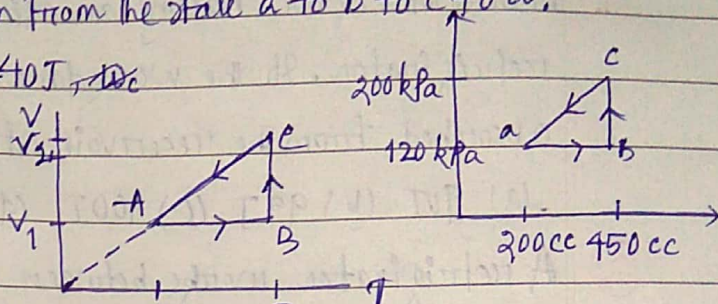
QUESTIONS

HCV

1 Calculate work done by a gas as it is taken from the state a to b to c to a.

Sol.ⁿ - $W_{ab} = 30J$, $W_{bc} = 0$, $W_{ca} = -40J$

2 Process ABCA performed on an ideal gas. Find the net work done heat given to the system during the process. Sol.ⁿ $W_{AB} = 0$, $W_{BC} = nRT_2 \ln(V_2/V_1)$, $W_{CA} = -nR(T_2 - T_1)$

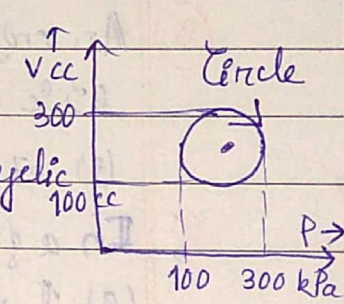
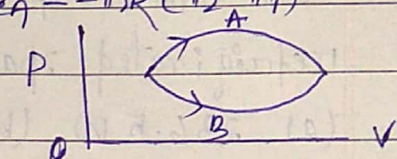


3 Two processes A & B on a system is carried. Let Q_1 & Q_2 be the heat given to the system in the processes A & B respectively -

(i) (a) $Q_1 > Q_2$ (b) $Q_1 = Q_2$ (c) $Q_1 < Q_2$ (d) $Q_1 \leq Q_2$

(ii) (a) $\Delta U_1 > \Delta U_2$ (b) $\Delta U_1 = \Delta U_2$ (c) $\Delta U_1 < \Delta U_2$ (d) $\Delta U_1 \neq \Delta U_2$

4 Calculate the heat absorbed by the system in going through the cyclic
Ans - 31.4 J



5 Two Carnot engines A & B are operated in series. Engine A receives heat at T_1 K & rejects to a reservoir at temp T K. Second engine B receives heat rejected by the first engine & rejects to a heat reservoir at T_2 K. Calculate T if (a) work out puts of both engines are equal. $T = \frac{(T_1 + T_2)}{2}$

QBC9

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(b) efficiencies of both engines are equal. $T = (T_1 T_2)^{1/2}$

Calculate the minimum attainable pressure of an ideal gas during a process governed by $P = P_0 + \alpha V^2$, $P_0, \alpha + ve$ const., $V =$ Vol. of 1 mol. of gas.
Ans - $2R(\alpha T_0)^{1/2}$

In the PV diagram of a heat engine, all processes are quasi static & C_p - const. Find η . $\eta = 1 - \left(\frac{P_a}{P_b}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}}$

